



**SF HIV FOG**  
**Open Enrollment**  
**Boot Camp V**

Monday, October 7, 2019

UCSF Mission Bay  
550 16th Street  
San Francisco

**Resource Guide**

**Part V**  
**Immigration**

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*Director*

State of California—Health and Human Services Agency  
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EDMUND G. BROWN JR.  
*Governor*

May 21, 2018

TO: ALL COUNTY WELFARE DIRECTORS Letter No.: 18-09  
ALL COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS  
ALL COUNTY MEDI-CAL PROGRAM SPECIALISTS/LIAISONS  
ALL COUNTY HEALTH EXECUTIVES  
ALL COUNTY MENTAL HEALTH DIRECTORS

SUBJECT: OVERVIEW OF THE CALIFORNIA HEALTHCARE, ELIGIBILITY,  
ENROLLMENT AND RETENTION SYSTEM CHANGE REQUEST  
69974 ON IMMIGRANT ELIGIBILITY

The purpose of this letter is to provide counties with information about the implementation of California Healthcare, Eligibility, Enrollment, and Retention System (CalHEERS) Change Request (CR) 69974. CR 69974 makes additional enhancements to CalHEERS functionality relating to determination of eligibility based on immigration status implemented in Release 17.9 on September 25, 2017.

**CalHEERS Changes Implemented by CR 69974**

The CalHEERS system has been updated to:

- Require an individual to attest to their immigration status and document type on the application portal
- Include an expanded and updated immigration status drop-down menu to the application portal<sup>1</sup>
- Make all immigration document entry fields optional throughout the application portal

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<sup>1</sup> This expanded and updated menu includes 47 immigration status options. It will enable non-citizen applicants to attest to their immigration status. The menu includes statuses for Qualified Non-Citizens, Lawfully Present immigrants, PRUCOL immigrants, and for the Trafficking or Crime Victims Assistance program. The menu also includes an option for "Document or Status Not Listed".

- Grant full scope Medi-Cal to otherwise eligible Qualified Non-Citizens based on attestation with subsequent verification or with real-time verification
- Grant conditional full scope Medi-Cal to otherwise eligible state-funded Permanently Residing in the United States Under Color of Law (PRUCOL) without requesting verification from the Verify Lawful Presence service (VLP) provided through the Federal Data Services Hub.
- Grant full scope Medi-Cal to otherwise eligible Lawfully Present immigrants who are under the age of 21 or pregnant based on attestation with subsequent verification or real-time verification
- Grant restricted scope Medi-Cal to eligible Lawfully Present immigrants who are over the age of 21 or not pregnant
- Grant restricted scope Medi-Cal to an eligible individual who selects “document or status not listed” on both the immigration status drop-down menu and the immigration document drop-down menu
- Request Grant Date from VLP only when required for Qualified Non-Citizens
- Allow counties to administratively verify the immigration status of an applicant/beneficiary
- Allow counties to administratively verify PRUCOL status
- Update the electronic health information transfer (eHIT) schema to include all immigration statuses from the immigration status drop-down menu and all documents from the document drop-down menu in CalHEERS
- Send updated Citizen/Alien indicators to the Medi-Cal Eligibility Data System (MEDS) when the system has sufficient information to do so.

### **CalHEERS Portal Changes**

Immigration Status Drop-Down Menu – The immigration status drop-down menu for an individual to select their immigration status has been updated. Prior to this change request, the immigration status drop-down menu on the CalHEERS portal only displayed immigration statuses that were Lawfully Present. If an individual selected none of those statuses, a second menu provided a list of PRUCOL immigration statuses

(with the exception of the last PRUCOL category on the MC 13) for selection. With the implementation of CR 69974, the immigration status drop-down menu now displays 47 immigration statuses including a “My Document or Status is not Listed” option.

Immigration Document Drop-Down Menu – The document drop-down menu has been updated to separate the "Cuban/Haitian Entrant, Document indicating withholding of removal" document option into two separate documents on the portal. The two new options are “Document indicating Cuban/Haitian Entrant” and “Document indicating withholding of removal”.

Immigration Document Information Fields – The document information fields are now all optional fields. Prior to this change request if an individual selected a document from the document drop-down menu, most of the fields for inputting document information were mandatory and could not be bypassed. With this change request, all of the document information fields are now optional. This update allows an individual to attest to having a document and to be provided with a “Reasonable Opportunity Period” (ROP) to provide the document or any necessary document information.

Qualified Non-Citizen Radio Button – The "Are you a Qualified Non-Citizen" radio button has been removed from the Household Member Page. The intent of this data collection was to ensure individuals who attested to being a Qualified Non-Citizen received full scope Medi-Cal benefits. With the implementation of this change request, an individual can attest to being a Qualified Non-Citizen by selecting their specific immigration status. Therefore, there is no need to collect duplicative information with the use of this button.

### **eHIT Changes**

Grant Date – CalHEERS will receive the grant date for Qualified Non-Citizens who are subject to the five year bar through the VLP Hub and pass this information to the Statewide Automated Welfare System (SAWS) through eHIT.

Immigration Status Information – CalHEERS will send SAWS an individual’s immigration status information and corresponding verification information via eHIT. CalHEERS will provide the VLP Response, when available, to SAWS via eHIT.

Immigration Document Information – The eHIT schema is updated to include all of the documents from the portal document drop-down menu. The eHIT schema now includes the documents “Document indicating Cuban/Haitian Entrant” and “Document indicating withholding of removal” instead of the single document of “Cuban/Haitian Entrant, Document indicating withholding of removal.” In addition, the eHIT schema will also

include "Document or Status not Listed." To ensure that immigrants may attest to their immigration status without providing a document at the time of application, the "Document Type" field is optional in the eHIT schema.

Qualified Non-Citizen Indicator – The Qualified Non-Citizen indicator has been removed from eHIT.

Immigration Status Verification Information – The CalHEERS system includes four immigration status verification inputs used to provide information necessary for verification of immigration status: Lawful Presence, Qualified Non-Citizen, Five Year Bar Applies/Five Year Bar Met, and PRUCOL. Instead of passing/failing each of these indicators based on the immigration status verification, the new "immigration category verification" field has been added to eHIT. The "immigration category verification" field is a Yes/No indicator that the eligibility worker will send along with the immigration status and/or document that verifies whether or not an immigration status sufficient for Medi-Cal eligibility has been verified. When SAWS sends a "Y" for the immigration category verification field, with the immigration status, CalHEERS will input the four verification attributes based on the table provided by the Department of Health Care Services (see Table 1).

PRUCOL Last Category – The eHIT schema includes the functionality for counties to pass the last PRUCOL category to CalHEERS. This will be necessary when an immigrant claims the appropriate PRUCOL category on the MC 13 Statement of Citizenship, Alienage, and Immigration Status form as explained below.

### **Grant Date and Entry Date**

In accordance with current Medi-Cal policy, the "INS-ENTRY-DATE" field must be used to provide the Grant Date for Qualified Non-Citizens subject to the five-year bar. For some other Qualified Non-Citizens, that field is used for the individual's Date of Entry into the United States. To more accurately reflect the use of this field for those two different dates, the "INS-ENTRY-DATE" field name will be changed to "ENTRY/GRANT DATE" in MEDS. The change to the name of the "INS-ENTRY-DATE" field will be reflected in the appropriate MEDS screens, in MEDS transactions that include this field, and in the MEDS Manual. There is no change to the policy regarding when to use Grant Date versus Date of Entry in that field.

In accordance with ACWDL 98-55, for Qualified Non-Citizens who are subject to the five year bar, the date in MEDS should be the Grant Date. For Medi-Cal cases that have been administratively verified as Yes (Y) but also are in one of the four immigration statuses subject to the five-year bar on federal funding for full scope Medi-Cal,

CalHEERS will trigger a call to the VLP Hub for the Grant Date. For Medi-Cal cases that have been administratively verified by the county, CalHEERS will store the grant date and use the SAWS administrative verification of immigration for the eligibility determination. Counties must ensure that the Grant Date returned by the VLP hub call is sent to the Date of Entry/Grant Date field in MEDS.

Qualified Non-Citizens who are subject to the five year bar are:

- Lawful Permanent Residents
- Conditional Entrant granted before April 1980
- Paroled into the United States for one year or more
- Battered non-citizen, or parent or child of battered non-citizen

NOTE: Other Qualified Non-Citizens (including, but not limited to refugees and asylees) are exempt from the five year bar, so the Grant Date is not needed. Lawful permanent residents who are veterans, or the spouse or child of a veteran, are also exempt from the five-year bar. In accordance with current policy, Qualified Non-Citizens who are exempt from the five-year bar because they are a veteran (or because they are the spouse or child of a veteran) must have the appropriate code (4, 5, or 6) in the Alien Eligibility Code field in MEDS.

### **Medi-Cal Coverage for Qualified Non-Citizens**

In California, Qualified Non-Citizens receive full scope Medi-Cal benefits regardless of their five-year bar status, if otherwise eligible. Lawfully Present children under the age of 21 and Lawfully Present pregnant women are entitled to receive full scope or pregnancy related Medi-Cal benefits. Children and pregnant women who are “Qualified Non-Citizens” will be mapped using the existing immigration status coding methodology in MEDS. However it is still required to map all Medi-Cal eligible individuals using the Citizen/Alien Indicator Code and the Alien Eligibility Code. All Medi-Cal records for eligible individuals must include information in the Citizen/Alien Indicator Code field and the Alien Eligibility Code field (when necessary) in MEDS.

### **Medi-Cal Coverage for Lawfully Present Immigrants**

The Children’s Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009, among its many other provisions, gave states the option to provide Medi-Cal benefits to eligible children (under the age of 21) and pregnant women who are “lawfully residing” in the United States as defined for Medi-Cal eligibility purposes.

The implementation of this SPA allows counties to grant full scope Medi-Cal eligibility (or pregnancy related benefits if appropriate) to “Lawfully Present” immigrants. Restricted scope Medi-Cal shall continue to be granted to otherwise eligible “Lawfully Present” immigrants who are 21 or older and not pregnant. The CalHEERS system has been automated to allow an individual to attest specifically to an immigration status that is defined as Lawfully Present. The statuses that are now implemented on the CalHEERS portal are:

- Pending application for Creation of Record of Lawful Admission for Permanent Residence, with Employment Authorization
- Granted withholding of removal under the Convention against Torture – CAT
- Granted Student Visa (e.g. F or M visa)
- Granted Work Visa (e.g. H-1, J-1, O, R, P visa)
- Granted Visitor Visa (e.g. B visa)<sup>2</sup>
- Lawful Temporary Resident (special agricultural workers, or certain immigrants admitted into the U.S. before 1982)
- Granted Temporary Protected Status (TPS), or pending applicants for TPS (pending applicants must have Employment Authorization)
- Family Unity Beneficiary
- Granted Deferred Enforced Departure
- Resident of American Samoa
- Citizen of Micronesia, the Marshall Islands, or Palau
- Administrative order staying removal issued by the Department of Homeland Security

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<sup>2</sup> Visitor visa information provided for Medi-Cal applicants and beneficiaries must be verified through the VLP hub for Lawful Presence. If a visa holder is 19 years of age or older and VLP hub verification indicates the individual is not lawfully present, the county must review the record to determine the appropriate level of benefits.

- Pending application for legalization under Immigration Reform and Control Act - IRCA, with Employment Authorization
- Pending application for asylum with Employment Authorization or is under the age of 14 and has had a pending application for asylum for at least 180 days
- Pending application for withholding of removal with Employment Authorization, or is under the age of 14 and has had a pending application for withholding of removal for at least 180 days
- Pending application for legalization under the LIFE Act, with Employment Authorization
- Pending application for suspension of deportation, or cancellation of removal or special rule cancellation of removal, with Employment Authorization
- Pending application for Special Immigrant Juvenile Status

Lawfully Present immigrants are mapped using the Citizen/Alien indicator "2" in MEDS. All Medi-Cal records for eligible individuals must include information in the Citizen/Alien Indicator Code field and the Alien Eligibility Code field (when necessary) in MEDS.

Once a Lawfully Present immigrant is no longer under the age of 21 or pregnant, their eligibility must be re-evaluated, and if applicable, reduced with proper notice from full scope to the benefits they are entitled to.

### **Short-Term Visa Holders and California Residency**

Per ACWDL 98-48, short-term visa holders can meet California residency requirements if a preponderance of the credible evidence supports a claim of California residency. If after reviewing all the available evidence, a county determines that a person with a short-term visa is a resident of California, the basis for that finding must be documented in the case file.

### **Providing Full Scope Benefits for State Funded Immigrants**

The following state-funded PRUCOL immigration statuses from the updated drop-down menu in CalHEERS and eHIT will continue to receive full scope Medi-Cal benefits if they meet all eligibility requirements:

- A non-citizen who has a pending application for adjustment to Lawful Permanent Resident (LPR) status, without Employment Authorization
- Granted Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals – (DACA)
- Granted Order of Supervision, without Employment Authorization
- An immigrant who entered and has continuously resided in the United States since before January 1, 1972, who would be eligible for an adjustment of status to lawful permanent resident (eligible as a Registry immigrant).
- Granted voluntary departure and awaiting issuance of a visa
- A non-citizen on whose behalf an immediate relative petition (I-130) has been approved and who is entitled to voluntary departure
- Taking steps to apply for a T visa or for certification by the Office of Refugee Resettlement
- Filed for a U visa

Because these statuses are for state funded immigrants, verification of status will not go through the VLP Hub. Counties should continue to verify the immigration status of individuals who claim these statuses. Once the immigration status is verified, the county eligibility worker should administratively verify the immigration status and send a “Y” through eHIT for the individual to receive full scope Medi-Cal. If the county eligibility worker cannot verify the specific immigration status, but the SAWS system has verification that an individual is eligible for full scope Medi-Cal benefits under PRUCOL, the eligibility worker should select the last PRUCOL category to get the individual full scope Medi-Cal.

### **Administrative Verification of Immigration Status**

ACWDL 16-21 provided a table, “Summary of Immigration Statuses Listed in CalHEERS Immigration Status Drop-Down Menu,” that showed which of the immigration statuses included in the immigration status drop-down menu in CalHEERS were Qualified Non-Citizens, Lawfully Present, and PRUCOL with the implementation of CalHEERS CR 32277. The purpose of this chart was for it to be used as a tool by county eligibility workers when it was necessary to administratively verify immigration statuses. With the implementation of CR 69974 there are now 47 immigration statuses

an individual can select from the portal. It is no longer necessary for the county eligibility worker to provide each category with a pass or fail as they were instructed to do in ACWDL 16-21. With the implementation of CR 69974, the four verification inputs of an individual's immigration status: Lawful Presence, Qualified Non-Citizen, Five Year Bar Applies/Five Year Bar Met, and PRUCOL will be mapped by CalHEERS based on the immigration status that is verified.

On the CalHEERS portal if an individual selects "Document or Status Not Listed" for both the immigration status and document, CalHEERS will grant restricted scope Medi-Cal. The same logic will be used when immigration status and document is sent to CalHEERS through eHIT, including a "blank" for immigration status and a "blank" for document. By sending a "blank" for both the immigration status and document, CalHEERS will grant restricted scope eligibility for Medi-Cal and ineligibility for Covered California.

NOTE: Counties should send an applicant the MC 13 when the individual selects "Document or status not listed" from both the immigration document and the immigration status drop-down menus.

### **Administrative Verification of Documents**

If there is no immigration status selected and the individual attests to a document on the portal, CalHEERS will grant conditional eligibility. If there is enough information provided in the optional fields, a VLP hub call will be made. If there is not enough information provided in the optional fields a VLP hub call will not be made and conditional eligibility will be granted and the eligibility worker shall collect the necessary information to verify eligibility.

### **Reducing Benefits after 90- Day "Reasonable Opportunity Period" (ROP)**

Consistent with current policy, an applicant attesting to U.S citizenship/satisfactory immigration status shall be granted full scope Medi-Cal benefits without delay, if otherwise eligible, pending verification of their status. If otherwise eligible, applicants are granted full scope Medi-Cal during the 90-day ROP to give them an opportunity to provide documents (if needed) or to have their citizenship/satisfactory immigration status verified. In the event that an applicant submits documents during the ROP that support a full scope status, full scope Medi-Cal benefits shall continue until and unless there is final determination that the individual does not have satisfactory immigration status. Full scope Medi-Cal that was granted conditionally must be reduced with proper notice if documentation of citizenship/satisfactory immigration status is not provided

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during the 90-day ROP or a final determination is made that the individual does not have satisfactory immigration status. To manually initiate this change in CalHEERS if not already triggered by SAWS, county eligibility workers should change the Manual Verifications of Lawful Presence, Qualified Non-Citizen, Five Year Bar Applies/Five Year Bar Met, and PRUCOL to "Fail."

### **Verification of the Last PRUCOL Category**

The eHIT schema prior to the implementation of CR 69974 did not include the functionality to administratively verify the last PRUCOL category on the MC 13. This category is for immigrants who claim to be "[a]n alien, not in one of the above categories, who can show that: (1) Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) knows he/she is in the United States; and (2) INS does not intend to deport him/her, either because of the person's status category or individual circumstances."

With the implementation of CR 69974, the eHIT schema now includes "PRUCOL Last Category." It is no longer required for an eligibility worker to administratively fail "Lawful Presence" and pass "PRUCOL" on the administrative verification page in CalHEERS. If an individual provides a signed MC 13 declaring the last category, the eligibility worker should pass the verification of "PRUCOL Last Category" (Yes/No) via eHIT. The verification of "PRUCOL Last Category" can only be sent as a "Y" if there is a signed MC 13. Please note that this new category is specific to individuals who claim that they are: "An alien, not in one of the above categories, who can show that: (1) INS knows he/she is in the United States; and (2) INS does not intend to deport him/her, either because of the person's status category or individual circumstances." The verification of "PRUCOL" is for all other PRUCOL categories and therefore does not need to be administratively passed when administratively verifying "PRUCOL Last Category."

If you have any questions, or if we can provide further information, please contact Amar Singh at (916) 327-6670 or by email at [Amar.Singh@dhcs.ca.gov](mailto:Amar.Singh@dhcs.ca.gov).

### **ORIGINAL SIGNED BY**

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Enclosures

**Table 1: Summary of Immigration Statuses Listed in CalHEERS Immigration Status Drop-Down Menu**

Immigration Status	Lawfully Present	Qualified Non-Citizen	5-Year Bar Applies	PRUCOL	Citizen/Alien Indicator	Alien Eligibility Code
Lawful Permanent Resident (LPR/Green Card holder)	Yes	Yes	Yes (If not a veteran or spouse or child of a veteran)	No	K	If 4, 5 or 6, the LPR is a veteran or spouse or child of veteran exempt from 5-year bar.
A non-citizen with an approved visa petition, who has a pending application for adjustment to LPR status	Yes	No	No	Yes	2	*
A non-citizen, without a visa petition, who has a pending application for adjustment to LPR Status, with Employment Authorization	Yes	No	No	Yes	2	*
A non-citizen who has a pending application for adjustment to LPR status, without Employment Authorization	No	No	No	Yes	S	*
Refugee	Yes	Yes	No – Exempt	No	R	N/A
Asylee	Yes	Yes	No – Exempt	No	L or Z	N/A
Cuban/Haitian Entrant	Yes	Yes	No – Exempt	No	8	N/A
Amerasian Immigrant	Yes	Yes	No – Exempt	No	E	N/A
Granted withholding of deportation or removal	Yes	Yes	No - Exempt	No	D	N/A
Granted a stay of deportation	Yes	No	No	Yes	2	*
Granted suspension of deportation whose departure USCIS does not contemplate enforcing	Yes	No	No	Yes	2	*
Conditional Entrant granted before April 1980	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	C	N/A
Paroled into the United States for one year or more	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	W	N/A

<b>Immigration Status</b>	<b>Lawfully Present</b>	<b>Qualified Non-Citizen</b>	<b>5-Year Bar Applies</b>	<b>PRUCOL</b>	<b>Citizen/ Alien Indicator</b>	<b>Alien Eligibility Code</b>
Paroled into the United States for less than one year	Yes	No	No	Yes	Y	*
Battered non-citizen, or parent or child of battered non-citizen	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Varies	9 (indicates battered immigrant/ Qualified Non-Citizen)
Granted Deferred Action (but not under Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals - DACA)	Yes	No	No	Yes	2	*
Granted Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals – (DACA)	No	No	No	Yes	S	*
Granted Order of Supervision, with Employment Authorization	Yes	No	No	Yes	2	*
Granted Order of Supervision, without Employment Authorization	No	No	No	Yes	S	*
An immigrant who entered and has continuously resided in the United States since before January 1, 1972, who would be eligible for an adjustment of status to lawful permanent resident (eligible as a Registry immigrant)	No	No	No	Yes	S	*
Registry applicant, with Employment Authorization	Yes	No	No	Yes	2	*
Pending application for Creation of Record of Lawful Admission for Permanent Residence, with Employment Authorization	Yes	No	No	No	2	*
Granted voluntary departure and awaiting issuance of a visa	No	No	No	Yes	S	*
A non-citizen on whose behalf an immediate relative petition (I-130) has been approved and who is entitled to voluntary departure	No	No	No	Yes	S	*

<b>Immigration Status</b>	<b>Lawfully Present</b>	<b>Qualified Non-Citizen</b>	<b>5-Year Bar Applies</b>	<b>PRUCOL</b>	<b>Citizen/ Alien Indicator</b>	<b>Alien Eligibility Code</b>
Granted withholding of removal under the Convention against Torture – CAT	Yes	No	No	No	2	*
Granted a Victim of Trafficking visa (T visa), or spouse, child, sibling, or parent	Yes	No	No	No	O (Treat as Refugee)	N/A
Pending application for a Victim of Trafficking visa (T visa), or spouse, child, sibling, or parent	Yes	No	No	No--TCVAP	2	*
Taking steps to apply for a T visa or for certification by the Office of Refugee Resettlement	No	No	No	No--TCVAP	Varies	W
Granted U visa Granted U non-immigrant visa	Yes	No	No	No--TCVAP	V	Y
Filed for a U visa	No	No	No	No--TCVAP	Varies	X
Granted Student Visa (e.g. F or M visa) Student Visa – Granted a student visa (e.g. F or M visa)	Yes	No	No	No	V	*
Granted Work Visa (e.g. H-1, J-1, O, R, P visa) Work Visa – Granted a work visa (e.g. H-1, J-1, O, R, P visa)	Yes	No	No	No	V	*
Granted Visitor Visa (e.g. B visa) Visitor Visa – Granted a visitor visa (e.g. B visa)	Yes	No	No	No	V	*
Lawful Temporary Resident (special agricultural workers, or certain immigrants admitted into the U.S. before 1982)	Yes	No	No	No	2	*
Granted Temporary Protected Status (TPS), or pending applicants for TPS (pending applicants must have Employment Authorization)	Yes	No	No	No	2	*
Family Unity Beneficiary	Yes	No	No	No	2	*
Granted Deferred Enforced Departure	Yes	No	No	No	2	*
Resident of American Samoa	Yes	No	No	No	2	*
Citizen of Micronesia, the Marshall Islands, or Palau	Yes	No	No	No	2	*

<b>Immigration Status</b>	<b>Lawfully Present</b>	<b>Qualified Non-Citizen</b>	<b>5-Year Bar Applies</b>	<b>PRUCOL</b>	<b>Citizen/ Alien Indicator</b>	<b>Alien Eligibility Code</b>
Citizens of Micronesia, the Marshall Islands, and Palau						
Administrative order staying removal issued by the Department of Homeland Security	Yes	No	No	No	2	*
Pending application for legalization under Immigration Reform and Control Act - IRCA, with Employment Authorization	Yes	No	No	No	2	*
Pending application for asylum with Employment Authorization or is under the age of 14 and has had a pending application for asylum for at least 180 days	Yes	No	No	No	2	*
Pending application for withholding of removal with Employment Authorization, or is under the age of 14 and has had a pending application for withholding of removal for at least 180 days	Yes	No	No	No	2	*
Pending application for legalization under the LIFE Act, with Employment Authorization	Yes	No	No	No	2	*
Pending application for suspension of deportation, or cancellation of removal or special rule cancellation of removal, with Employment Authorization	Yes	No	No	No	2	*
Pending application for Special Immigrant Juvenile Status	Yes	No	No	No	2	*
Document or Status Not Listed	No	No	No	No	U	*

\* The Alien Eligibility Code for these immigration statuses can be blank. However, if there is an Alien Eligibility Code of "9" it indicates that the individual is a battered immigrant and therefore a Qualified Non-Citizen who is subject to the five year bar.

# Documents Typically Used by Lawfully Present Immigrants

Last revised JULY 2016

STATUS	TYPICAL DOCUMENTS
<p><b>Lawful Permanent Resident (LPR)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Green card” (Form I-551) or earlier versions: I-151, AR-2 and AR-3;</li> <li>• Reentry permit (I-327);</li> <li>• Foreign passport stamped to show temporary evidence of LPR or “I-551” status;</li> <li>• Receipt from USCIS (U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services) indicating that an I-90 application to replace LPR card has been filed;</li> <li>• Memorandum of Creation of Lawful Permanent Residence with approval stamp (I-181);</li> <li>• I-94 or I-94A with stamp indicating admission for lawful permanent residence;</li> <li>• Order issued by the INS/DHS (Immigration and Naturalization Service/Dept. of Homeland Security), an immigration judge, the BIA (Board of Immigration Appeals), or a federal court granting registry, suspension of deportation, cancellation of removal, or adjustment of status; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Amerasian LPR</b> NOTE: The codes listed here pertain only to the particular Vietnamese Amerasians who qualify for the “Refugee Exemption.”</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Any of the LPR documents listed above with one of the following codes: AM-1, AM-2, AM-3, AM-6, AM-7, or AM-8; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Applicant for Adjustment to LPR Status</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Receipt or notice showing filing or pending status of Form I-485 Application to Register Permanent Residence or Adjust Status;</li> <li>• Form I-797 ASC Appointment Notice with Case Type “I-485 Application to Register Permanent Residence or Adjust Status”;</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 employment authorization document (EAD) coded 274a.12(c)(9) or C9 or C9P;</li> <li>• I-797 receipt for Application for Employment Authorization based on C09;</li> <li>• I-512 authorization for parole, indicating applicant for adjustment of status; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>

☞ List of Abbreviations . . . Page 5 ☞

This table lists the categories of non-U.S. citizens who are recognized as “lawfully present” in the United States for various purposes. For more information, contact Linton Joaquin, NILC general counsel, at [joaquin@nilc.org](mailto:joaquin@nilc.org).

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202 216-0266 fax

STATUS	TYPICAL DOCUMENTS
<p><b>Refugee</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Form I-94 or I-94A Arrival/Departure Record or passport stamped “refugee” or “§ 207”;</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(a)(3) or A3; or (a)(4) or “A4” (paroled as a refugee);</li> <li>• Refugee travel document (I-571); <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS or other authoritative document.</li> </ul> <p>NOTE: If adjusted to LPR status, I-551 may be coded R8-6, RE-6, RE-7, RE-8, or RE-9.</p>
<p><b>Conditional Entrant</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Form I-94, I-94A, or other document indicating status as “conditional entrant,” “Seventh Preference,” § 203(a)(7), or P7; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Asylee</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Form I-94, I-94A, or passport stamped “asylee” or “§ 208”;</li> <li>• Order granting asylum issued by the INS, DHS, an immigration judge, the BIA, or a federal court;</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(a)(5) or A5;</li> <li>• Refugee travel document (I-571); <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul> <p>NOTE: If adjusted to LPR status, I-551 may be coded AS-6, AS-7, or AS-8.</p>
<p><b>Granted Withholding of Deportation or Withholding of Removal</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Order granting withholding of deportation or removal issued by the INS, DHS, an immigration judge, the BIA, or a federal court;</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(a)(10) or A10; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Granted Withholding of Deportation/Removal under the Convention Against Torture (CAT)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Order granting withholding of deportation or removal under CAT, issued by an immigration judge, the BIA, or a federal court;</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(a)(10) or A10; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document</li> </ul>
<p><b>Applicant for Asylum or Withholding of Deportation/Removal, including Applicant for Withholding of Deportation/Removal under CAT</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Receipt or notice showing filing or pending status of Form I-589 Application for Asylum and Withholding or CAT;</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(c)(8) or C8; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Cuban or Haitian Entrant</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Form I-94 with a stamp indicating “Cuban/Haitian entrant” (this may be rare, as it has not been used since 1980) or any other notation indicating “parole,” any documents indicating pending exclusion or deportation proceedings;</li> <li>• Any documents indicating a pending asylum application, including a receipt from an INS Asylum Office indicating filing of Form I-589 application for asylum;</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(c)(8) or C8, or 274a.12(c)(11) or C11; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul> <p>NOTE: Individuals who have adjusted to LPR status may have I-551 cards or temporary I-551 stamps in foreign passports coded CAA66, CB1, CB2, CB6, CB7, CH6, CNP, CU6, CU7, CU8, CU9, CUO, CUP, NC6, NC7, NC8, NC9, HA6, HA7, HA8, HA9, HB6, HB7, HB8, HB9, HC6, HC7, HC8, HC9, HD6, HD7, HD8, HD9, HE6, HE7, HE8, HE9. In addition, Cubans or</p>

STATUS	TYPICAL DOCUMENTS
	<p>Haitians with the codes LB1, LB2, LB6, or LB7 may also qualify. These codes were used for individuals granted LPR status under any of the 1986 legalization provisions including Cuban/Haitian entrants.</p>
<p><b>Paroled into the U.S.</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Form I-94 or I-94A indicating “parole” or “PIP” or “212(d)(5),” or other language indicating parole status;</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(a)(4), 274a.12(c)(11), A4, or C11; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul> <p>NOTE: If subsequently adjusted to LPR status, may have I-551 card (for Lautenberg parolees, these may be coded LA).</p>
<p><b>Granted Temporary Protected Status (TPS)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(a)(12) or A12;</li> <li>• Form I-797 Notice of Action showing grant of TPS status; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Applicant for TPS</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Receipt or notice showing filing or pending status of Form I-821 (Application for Temporary Protected Status);</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(c)(19) or C19; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Granted Deferred Enforced Departure (DED)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(a)(11) or A11; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Granted Deferred Action</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Form I-797 Notice of Action or other form showing approval of deferred action status;</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(c)(14) or C14, (c)(33) or C33; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Applicant for Special Immigrant Juvenile Status</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Form I-797 Notice of Action Special Immigrant Juvenile Receipt Notice;</li> <li>• Form I-797 Notice of Action Special Immigrant Juvenile Approval Notice;</li> <li>• Form I-797 Welcome Notice/Approval of I-485, “Other Basis of Adjustment SL6”;</li> <li>• I-551 coded “SL6”; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<p><b>“Qualified” Domestic Violence Survivor</b></p> <p>Must have a pending petition for an immigrant visa, either filed by a spouse or a self-petition under the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), or an application for suspension of deportation or cancellation of removal. The petition or application must either be approved or, if not yet approved, must present a prima facie case.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Receipt or other proof of filing I-130 (visa petition) under immediate relative (IR) or 2nd family preference (P-2) showing status as a spouse or child;</li> <li>• Form I-360 (application to qualify as abused spouse, child, or parent under the VAWA);</li> <li>• Form I-797 Notice of Action referencing pending I-130 or I-360 or finding establishment of a prima facie case;</li> <li>• Receipt or other proof of filing I-485 Application for Adjustment of Status on basis of an immediate relative or family 2nd preference petition or VAWA application;</li> <li>• Any documents indicating a pending suspension of deportation or cancellation of removal case, including a receipt from an immigration court indicating filing of Form EOIR-40 (Application for Suspension of Deportation) or EOIR-42 (Application for Cancellation of Removal);</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(a)(10) or A10 (applicant for suspension of deportation) or 274a.12(c)(14) or C14 (individual granted deferred action status);</li> </ul>

STATUS	TYPICAL DOCUMENTS
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274.a.12(c)(9) or C9 (applicant for adjustment) or 274a.12(c)(10) or C10 (applicant for suspension of deportation) or 274a.12(c)(14) or C14 (individual granted deferred action status) or C31 (individual with approved VAWA self-petition); <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<b>Victim of Trafficking</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Certification from U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services (HHS) Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR);</li> <li>• ORR eligibility letter (if under 18);</li> <li>• Certification status verified through HHS Trafficking Verification Line 202-401-5510 or 866-401-5510 ;</li> <li>• I-914 (T status application);</li> <li>• I-766 coded (a)(16);</li> <li>• Form I-797 approval notice for “CP” (continued presence);</li> <li>• Form I-797 indicating approval of T-1 Status;</li> <li>• <i>Bona fide</i> case determination on a T status application; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Form I-797 “Extension of T or U Nonimmigrant Status”;</li> <li>• I-512 authorization for parole, indicating T-1 status;</li> <li>• I-551 coded ST6; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from HHS, INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<b>Derivative Beneficiary of Trafficking Survivor</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Proof of approved I-914A petition (derivative T status);</li> <li>• I-94 or passport stamped T-2, T-3, T-4, or T-5;</li> <li>• Form I-797 Notice of Action indicating approval of T-2, T-3, T-4 or T-5 status;</li> <li>• I-766 EAD coded (c)(25) or C25;</li> <li>• Form I-797 “Extension of T or U Nonimmigrant Status”;</li> <li>• I-512 authorization for parole, indicating T-2, T-3, T-4 or T-5 status;</li> <li>• I-551 card coded ST7, ST8, ST9, or ST0; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from HHS, INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<b>Nonimmigrant</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Form I-94 or I-94A Arrival/Departure Record or passport indicating admission to U.S. with nonimmigrant visa;</li> <li>• Receipt for Form I-102 Application for Replacement/Initial Nonimmigrant Arrival-Departure Document;</li> <li>• I-797 approving application to extend/change nonimmigrant status;</li> <li>• I-797 approving application for S, T, U, or V nonimmigrant status;</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD or other INS/DHS document indicating nonimmigrant status; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<b>Citizen of Micronesia, the Marshall Islands, and Palau</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Form I-94 or passport noted as “CFA/RMI” or “CFA/FSM” or “CFA/PAL”;</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 coded (a)(8) or A8; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<b>Lawful Temporary Resident</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Form I-688 Temporary Resident Card;</li> <li>• Form I-688A EAD;</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(a)(2) or A2; <i>or with other evidence indicating eligibility under INA §§210 or 245A</i> ;</li> <li>• Form I-698 Application to Adjust from Temporary to Permanent Residence under INA § 245A; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>

STATUS	TYPICAL DOCUMENTS
<b>Applicant for Legalization under IRCA or the LIFE Act</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(c)(20), (c)(22), or (c)(24) or C20, C22 or C24;</li> <li>• Form I-687 Application for Temporary Residence under INA § 245A;</li> <li>• Passport, with stamp or writing by INS/DHS officer, indicating pending §245 application; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<b>Family Unity</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Form I-797 Notice of Action showing approval of I-817 Application for Family Unity;</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(a)(13) or A13; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<b>Applicant for Cancellation of Removal or Suspension of Deportation</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Receipt or notice showing filing Form EOIR-40 (Application for Suspension of Deportation), EOIR-42 (Application for Cancellation of Removal), or I-881 (Application for Suspension of Deportation or Special Rule Cancellation of Removal);</li> <li>• I-256A (former suspension application);</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(c)(10) or C10; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<b>Order of Supervision</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Notice or form showing release under order of supervision;</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(c)(18) or C18; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<b>Registry Applicant</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Receipt or notice showing filing Form I-485 Application to Register Permanent Resident or Adjust Status;</li> <li>• Form I-688B or I-766 EAD coded 274a.12(c)(16) or C16; <i>or</i></li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>
<b>Stay of Removal</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Administrative or court order granting stay of removal issued by the Department of Homeland Security, an immigration judge, the Board of Immigration Appeals, or a court.</li> <li>• Any verification from the INS, DHS, or other authoritative document.</li> </ul>

**FOR MORE INFORMATION, CONTACT**

Linton Joaquin, NILC General Counsel, [joaquin@nilc.org](mailto:joaquin@nilc.org)

**Abbreviations**

**BIA** - Board of Immigration Appeals  
**CAT** - Convention Against Torture  
**CMS** - Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services  
**CP** – continued presence  
**DHS** - U.S. Dept. of Homeland Security  
**EAD** - employment authorization document  
**EOIR** - Executive Office for Immigration Review

**HHS** - U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services  
**INS** - Immigration and Naturalization Service  
**IR** - immediate relative  
**LPR** - lawful permanent resident  
**ORR** - Office of Refugee Resettlement  
**USCIS** - U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services  
**VAWA** - Violence Against Women Act

## STATEMENT OF CITIZENSHIP, ALIENAGE, AND IMMIGRATION STATUS

Print name of applicant (the applicant is the person who wants Medi-Cal)	Date
Print name of person acting for applicant	Relationship to applicant

### SECTION A: MEDI-CAL BENEFITS TO CITIZENS AND ALIENS

**Citizens and nationals** of the United States who meet all eligibility requirements may receive full Medi-Cal benefits.

**Aliens** who meet all eligibility requirements may receive either full Medi-Cal benefits (if they are in a satisfactory immigration status) or restricted benefits limited to emergency and pregnancy-related services (if they are not in a satisfactory immigration status).

**Satisfactory immigration status and full Medi-Cal benefits for aliens:** Federal and state law provide that *full* Medi-Cal benefits may be received only by aliens who are in a satisfactory immigration status and who meet all eligibility requirements **including California residency**. Aliens are in a satisfactory immigration status if they are amnesty aliens with valid and current lawful temporary resident cards (I-688) or lawful permanent residents or permanently residing in the U.S. under color of law (PRUCOL). **The 16 PRUCOL categories are listed in SECTION B, question 5 below.**

**Documented aliens not in a satisfactory immigration status** who meet all eligibility requirements, **including California residency**, may receive restricted benefits (limited to emergency and pregnancy-related services).

**Undocumented aliens** who meet all eligibility requirements, **including California residency**, may receive restricted benefits (limited to emergency and pregnancy-related services).

**Citizenship/immigration status information:** Every person requesting Medi-Cal is required to provide information about his/her citizenship or immigration status. Immigration status information provided as part of the Medi-Cal application is confidential and cannot be used by the INS for immigration enforcement unless you are committing fraud.

**Alien status documents and verification requirements:** Aliens who claim to be in a satisfactory immigration status (SIS) for Medi-Cal purposes must present INS documents that show their immigration status if they have an INS document or are eligible to obtain one. Aliens who claim to be in an SIS, but who cannot obtain an INS document or replacement receipt (for example, aliens in the last PRUCOL category indicated in SECTION B below) should submit other evidence establishing their immigration status. INS documents will be verified by the INS. Aliens who do not have these documents with them, or who have unreadable documents, may bring us receipts which show that they have applied for replacements. Aliens will have 30 days to do this, or until their Medi-Cal application is ruled on, whichever is longer. If the alien is otherwise eligible, Medi-Cal will be issued during this period and while the submitted documentation is being verified by the INS. If none of the documents contains the applicant's photograph, they must show us an identity document which establishes that the applicant is the person named in the documents.

**Social Security number requirement:** Every person requesting Medi-Cal who has a Social Security number is asked to provide it to the county welfare department. U.S. citizens, U.S. nationals, and aliens claiming to be in a satisfactory immigration status who do not have a Social Security number must apply for one and provide it to the county welfare department. Aliens in satisfactory immigration status for Medi-Cal purposes who need help applying for a Social Security number should ask their eligibility worker for assistance. Aliens who are not in a satisfactory immigration status and who do not have a Social Security number can still get restricted Medi-Cal if they meet all eligibility requirements.

### SECTION B: CITIZENSHIP/IMMIGRATION STATUS DECLARATION

1. Is the applicant a citizen or national of the United States?  Yes  No

If the applicant is a citizen or a national of the United States, where was he/she born? \_\_\_\_\_  
(city, state)

**IF YOU ARE A CITIZEN OR NATIONAL OF THE UNITED STATES, GO DIRECTLY TO SECTION D. IF YOU ARE AN ALIEN, PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS 2, 3, AND 4 BELOW (AND QUESTION 5 IF YOU CLAIM TO BE PRUCOL) THEN COMPLETE SECTIONS C AND D. IF YOU ANSWER "NO" TO QUESTIONS 2, 3, OR 4 BECAUSE THOSE CATEGORIES DO NOT APPLY TO YOU, YOUR ANSWER IS CONFIDENTIAL. THIS INFORMATION CAN ONLY BE USED FOR MEDI-CAL PURPOSES AND CANNOT BE USED BY THE INS FOR IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT UNLESS YOU ARE COMMITTING FRAUD.**

2. Is the applicant an amnesty alien with a valid and current I-688?  Yes  No
3. Is the applicant a lawful permanent resident?  Yes  No
4. Is the applicant a PRUCOL alien?  Yes  No

**IMPORTANT: All PRUCOL aliens must indicate their specific PRUCOL status in question 5.**

5. If the applicant would qualify for Medi-Cal benefits as a PRUCOL alien, indicate the status category which entitles him/her to that classification:
- A conditional entrant admitted to the United States before April 1, 1980
- An alien paroled into the United States, including Cuban/Haitian entrants

- An alien subject to an Order of Supervision
- An alien granted an indefinite stay of deportation
- An alien granted an indefinite voluntary departure
- An alien on whose behalf an immediate relative petition (INS Form I-130) has been approved and who is entitled to voluntary departure
- An alien who has properly filed an application for lawful permanent resident status
- An alien granted a stay of deportation for a specified period
- An alien granted asylum
- A refugee admitted to the United States since April 1, 1980
- An alien granted voluntary departure who is awaiting issuance of a visa
- An alien in deferred action status
- An alien who entered and has continuously resided in the United States since before January 1, 1972, who would be eligible for an adjustment of status to lawful permanent resident pursuant to INA Section 249 (eligible as a Registry Alien)
- An alien granted a suspension of deportation whose departure INS does not contemplate enforcing
- An alien granted withholding of deportation pursuant to INA Section 243(h)
- An alien, not in one of the above categories, who can show that: (1) INS knows he/she is in the United States; and (2) INS does not intend to deport him/her, either because of the person's status category or individual circumstances

**SECTION C: VERIFICATION OF IMMIGRATION STATUS (FOR ALIENS WHO CLAIM SATISFACTORY IMMIGRATION STATUS)**

**IMPORTANT: Complete this section only if you answered "yes" to questions 2, 3, or 4 in SECTION B on the front of this form.**

1. Alien Registration number and/or Alien Admission number (INS Form I-94): \_\_\_\_\_
2. Date the applicant first entered the United States: \_\_\_\_\_
3. Applicant's name when he/she first entered the United States: \_\_\_\_\_
4. Of what country is the applicant a citizen: \_\_\_\_\_
5. Where was the applicant born: \_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION D: SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER**

Does the applicant have a Social Security number (SSN)? (Aliens who are not in a satisfactory immigration status, and who do not have an SSN, can still get restricted Medi-Cal if they meet all eligibility requirements.)

- Yes, the applicant's Social Security number is: \_\_\_\_\_
- No

**SECTION E:**

*I DECLARE UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA THAT THE ANSWERS I HAVE GIVEN ARE CORRECT AND TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE.*

Applicant signature	Date
Signature of person acting for applicant	Date

**FOR COUNTY USE ONLY**

EW number: \_\_\_\_\_ County: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Action taken:**

- None necessary.
- SAVE primary verification performed. Date: \_\_\_\_\_
- Document Verification Request (INS Form G-845) and copies of documentation of satisfactory immigration status sent to INS. Date: \_\_\_\_\_
- Full Medi-Cal benefits were granted pending verification of immigration status.
- Copies of alien status documents are in the case file.
- Person referred to INS to obtain replacement documents. Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**COUNTY DETERMINATION OF THE APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF MEDI-CAL BENEFITS.**

**Based on the information provided on this form:**

- The above named applicant is a U.S. citizen or national, or an alien, who, if otherwise eligible, would receive **FULL** Medi-Cal benefits.
- The above named applicant is an alien, who, if otherwise eligible, would receive **RESTRICTED** Medi-Cal benefits.